**Modern Europe Test Review**

1. How did humanism lead to the Reformation?
2. How did art change during the Renaissance?
3. Who was Leonardo Da Vinci?
4. What Renaissance attitudes helped bring about the Scientific Revolution?
5. How did the Industrial Revolution change were people lived?
6. Who were the Medici family in Italy? How did they contribute to the rise of the Renaissance?
7. How did geography contribute to Italy’s role in the beginning of the Renaissance?
8. What was the name given to those scholars that studied and taught grammar, rhetoric, history, poetry and moral philosophy in the 16th century?
9. Who was St. Ignatius of Loyola and what was his contribution to the Catholic Reformation?
10. What name was given to the body set up to review and reform the Roman Catholic Church, which sat between 1545 and 1563?
11. What was the name given to the breakaway of certain groups from the Roman Catholic Church, originally instigated by Martin Luther?
12. Why did Martin Luther object to the sale of indulgences?
13. Who was the mistress of King Henry VIII that later went on to be his wife before she was beheaded?
14. Why did King Louise XIV refer to himself as the “sun god”?
15. Define absolutism
16. What limits were placed on the power of absolute rulers?
17. What belief helped support the development of absolutism?
18. Explain the four main causes of WWI.
19. What was a result of WWI?
20. What event brought WWII to Europe?
21. What was the Holocaust?
22. What was the reason for the global spread of the Great Depression?
23. Define nationalism, imperialism, militarism and alliances.
24. Define communism and fascism.
25. Explain the Treaty of Versailles.
26. How did the French Revolution begin?
27. When did America enter WWII and why?
28. What were the three main Axis of Powers in WWII?
29. What were the four main Allied Powers in WWII?
30. How did WWII end?
31. During World War II, Germany, Italy, and Japan were part of which group?
32. Under the Marshall Plan, what did the United States do?
33. In 1949, why was NATO formed?
34. Which city was divided into two zones, one communist and one noncommunist?
35. Why did France and Germany start to build a political and economic union in Europe? What was this union called?
36. When did the Cold War end?
37. Why was the Cold War called this?
38. Why was the Berlin Wall constructed?
39. Why did the United States distrust the Soviet Union?
40. Where did the Soviet Union install communist governments?
41. Why did communism fail in Eastern Europe?
42. What historical event occurred on October 3, 1990?
43. Who was Mikhail Gorbachev and what reforms did he introduce?
44. Describe the purpose of the United Nations.
45. How did Poland become on example of democratic reform to the rest of Eastern Europe?
46. What does NATO stand for?
47. What was the Warsaw Pact?
48. Why was the Warsaw Pact made?
49. What was a “satellite” country?
50. When did the Cold War end and why?